# THAI AIRWAYS INTERNATIONAL PCL

# Q2-2015 analysts briefing 24-Aug-2015



#### **DISCLAIMER**

The information contained herein is intended to represent the Company's operating and financial position at a given point in time and may also contain forward looking information which only reflects expectations based on the prevailing geo-political, economic and non-controllable factors. Such information has been obtained from sources believed to be most reliable and the means in analyzing and preparation of such information for disclosure are based on approved practices and principles in the investment industry. The views are based on assumptions subject to various risks and uncertainties and no assurance is made as to whether such future events will occur, that projections will be achieved, or that the assumptions here-in are correct. Consequently no assurance is made as to the accuracy or completeness of information presented in this document.

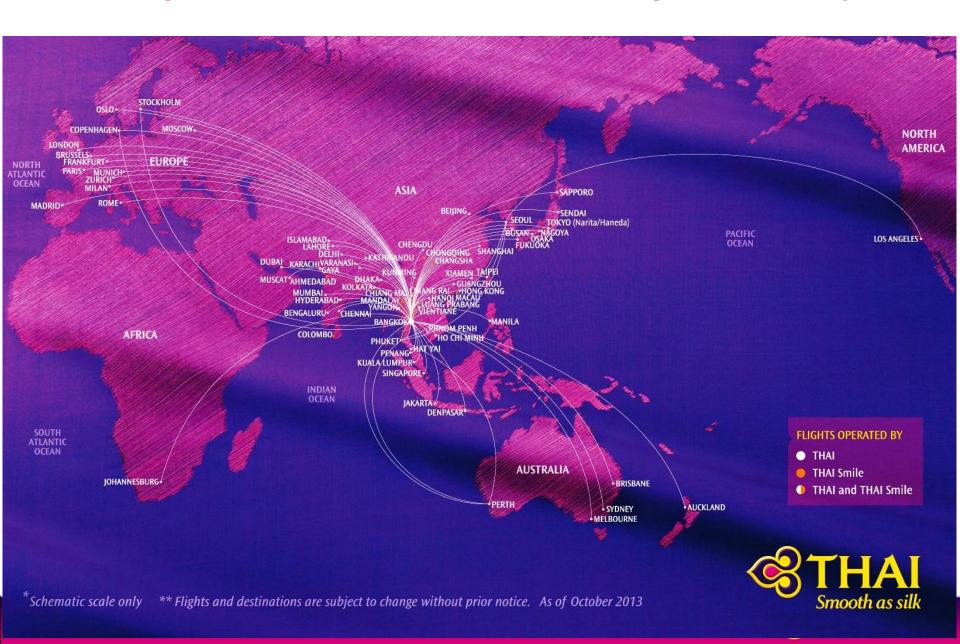
This document should not be construed as an investment guide or as an offer or solicitation of an offer to buy or sell equity shares or other securities issued by the Company.





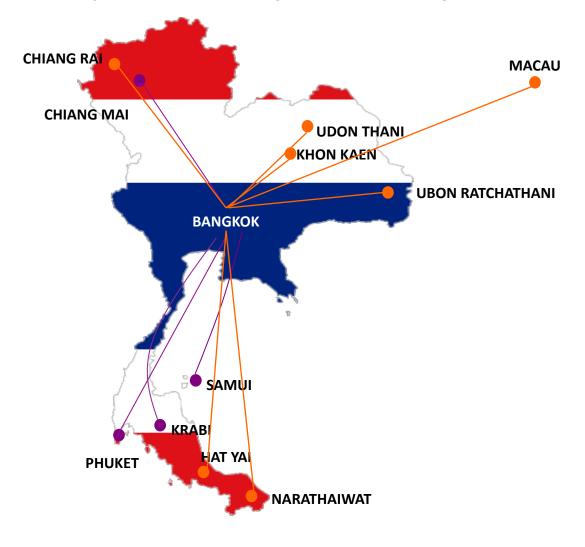
## Our comprehensive international network

Covering 61 destinations in 32 countries with over 500 flight and 380k seats per week



#### **Our domestic network**

#### operates in 11 major cities in conjunction with Thai Smile





● THAI

THAI Smile

#### Nok air route network

capitalizing other segments via our affiliates

#### **Don Mueang airport based with point-to-point services**



34 All Clait	94	<b>Aircraft</b>
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# **Our current fleet**

(As of June 2015)

Aircraft Type	No. of Seat	Seat Configuration	
37 Long-Range Aircraft			Ching
6 of A380-800	507	12F/60C/435Y	
12 of B747-400	375	10F/40C/325Y	
13 of B777-300ER	348	42C/306Y	
6 of B777-200ER	292	30C/262Y	
37 Medium-Range Aircraft			
6 of B777-300	364	34C/330Y	4.
8 of B777-200	309	30C/279Y	
18 of A330-300	299	36C/263Y	
5 of B787-8	264	24C/240Y	
20 Short-Range Aircraft			
2 of B737-400	149	12C/137Y	
18 of A320-200	174	174Y	









# **Transformation plan**





Major Transformation for Long-Term Sustainability

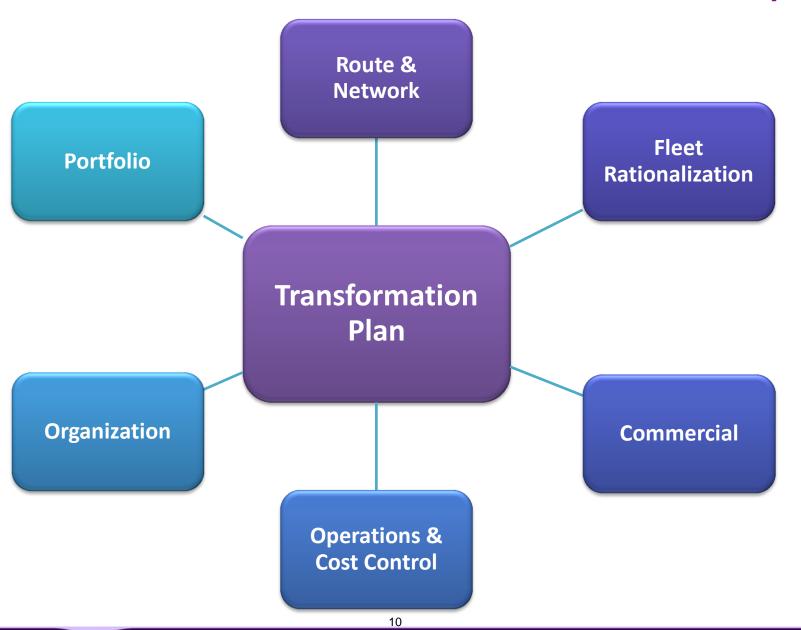
6 Strategies



21

**Project Charters** 

# **Transformation plan**



# **Strategy 1: Route and Network**

**Profitable Routes** 

# **Strategy 2 : Fleet Rationalization**

Reduce Aircraft Type

Aircraft Selling

# **Strategy 3 : Commercial**

Revenue Management Enhancement

Sales and Distribution Optimization

Agent Management

**Customer Loyalty Program Enhancement** 

**Customer Services Improvement** 

**Business Class Service Upgrade** 

# **Strategy 4: Operations and Cost Control**

**Cost Management** 

Cash and Balance Sheet Management

Flight Operations Efficiency

**Technical Efficiency** 

**IT Platform** 

Cargo Revenue and Cost Optimization

**Procurement Optimization** 

## **Strategy 5 : Organization & HR**

Performance Management

Organization Effectiveness & Efficiency

Human Capital Strategic Launch

## **Strategy 6: Portfolio**

Portfolio Business Restructuring

**TG-WE Commercial & Network Integration** 







# Financial performance

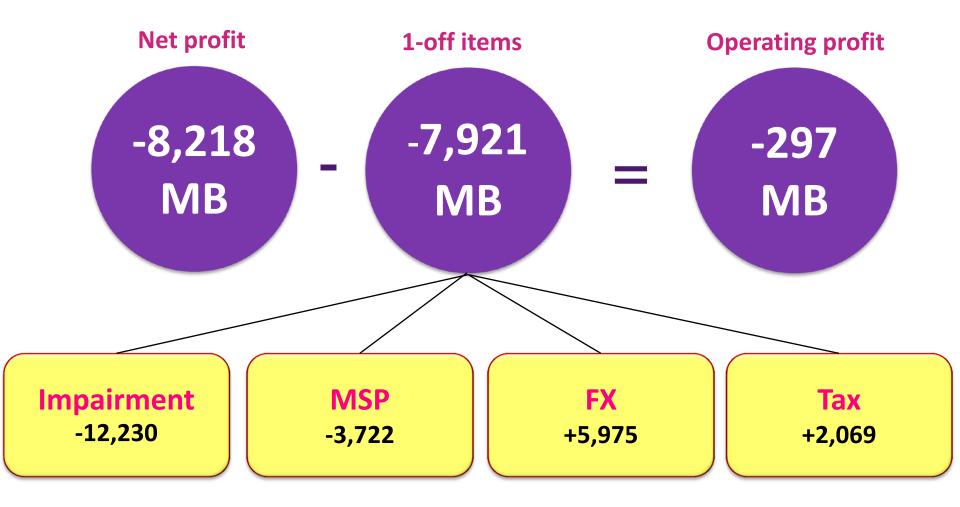
# **Operations summary**

improving passenger measures with drop in cargo

			Q2				1H	
	Unit	2014	2015	% Change YoY		2014	2015	% Change YoY
Passenger Production	MASK	19,889	20,278	+2.0%		40,823	42,147	+3.2%
Passenger Traffic	MRPK	12,626	14,042	+11.2%		27,303	30,530	+11.8%
Cabin Factor	%	63.5	69.2	+5.8		66.9	72.4	+5.5
Passenger carried	Million	4.23	5.07	+19.7%		9.04	10.69	+18.3%
Passenger Yield (Inc. Surcharge)	THB/k m	2.69	2.38	-11.4%		2.72	2.50	-8.1%
Freight Production	MADTK	915	830	-9.3%		1,863	1,818	-2.4%
Freight Traffic	MRFTK	625	483	-22.6%		1,254	1,079	-13.9%
Freight Factor	%	68.3	58.3	-10.0		67.3	59.3	-8.0
Freight carried	Tons	157,131	130,366	-17.0%		315,286	282,134	-10.5%
Freight Yield (Inc. Surcharge)	THB/k m	9.38	8.76	-6.6%		9.32	8.23	-11.6%

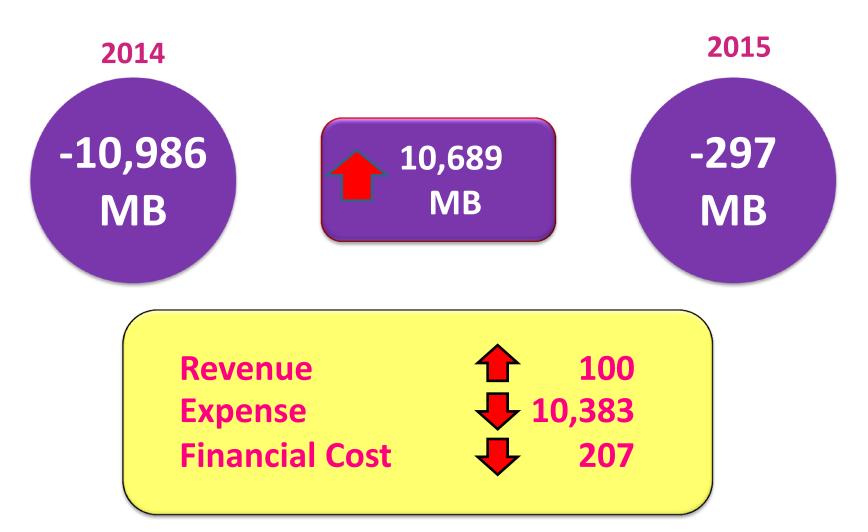
#### 1H-2015 financial results

impacted by one-off items



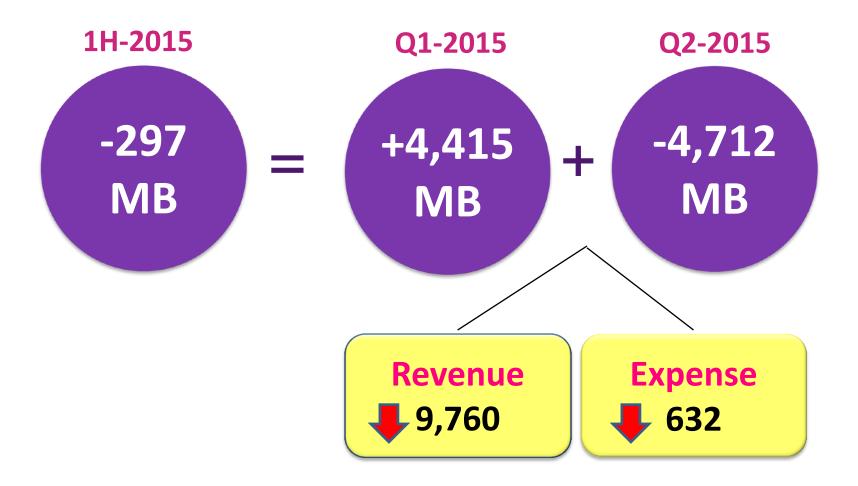
#### **Comparing 1H-2015 with 1H-2014**

operating profit significantly improve



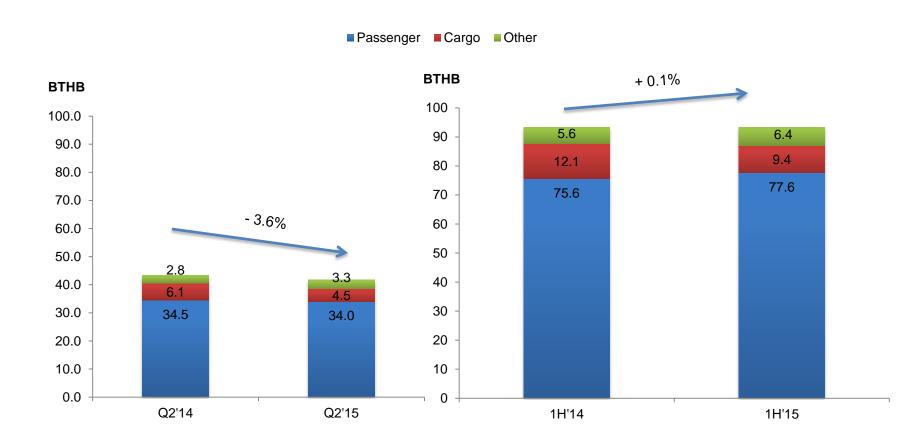
## Q1-2015 and Q2-2015 operating profit compare

major impact from low-season, drop in yield & cargo production (-22%)



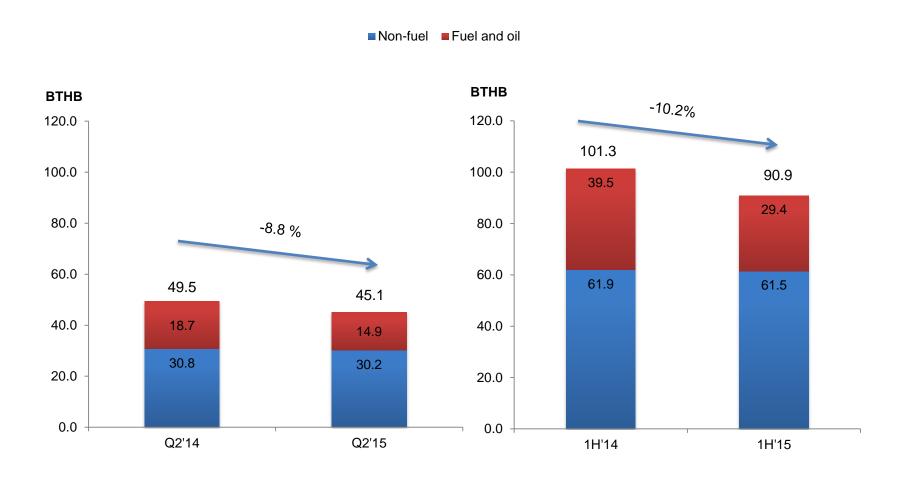
## **Total Revenue**

#### sluggish low season in Q2 but with 6-mth flat y-o-y



# **Total Expense**

#### decline y-o-y mainly on fuel, hoping to see better expense control





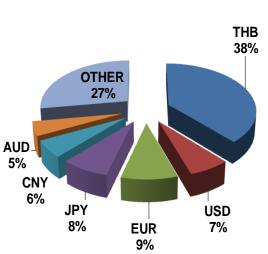
## **Currency break down**

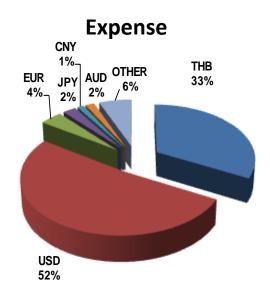
shift in revenue in some currencies

#### **Foreign Currency Exposure**

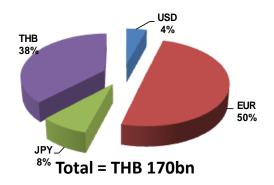
(Jan - June 2015)

#### Revenue

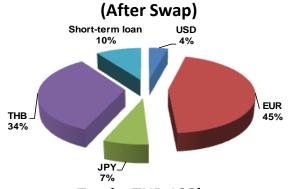




# Long term loan outstanding (After Swap)



#### **Outstanding St + Lt loan**



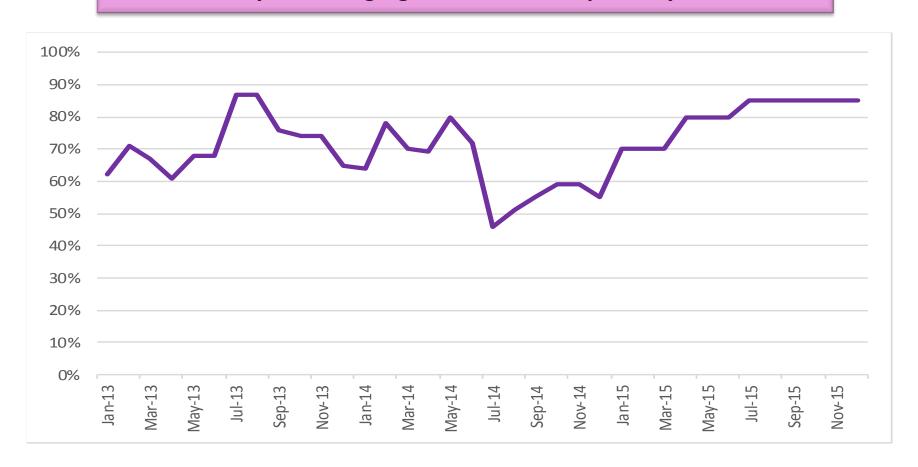




#### **Fuel management**

high level of hedge from last year commitment

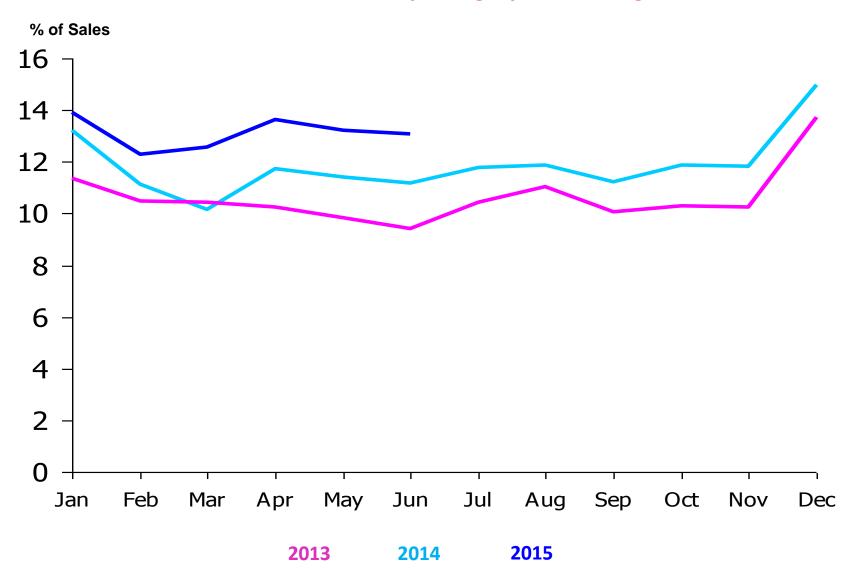
#### Monthly fuel hedging as % of consumption by month





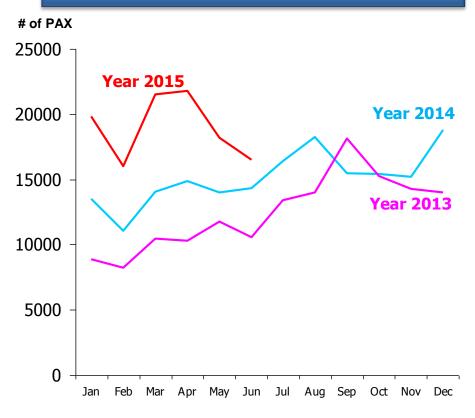
#### **Internet Sales**

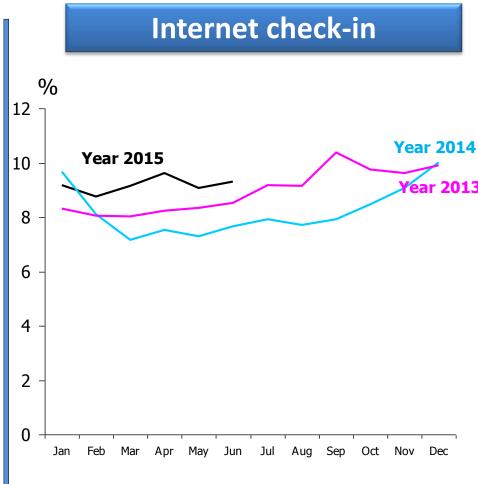
improving 2 years running but still behind industry



#### e-Services

# Mobile check-in (http://m.thaiairways.com)







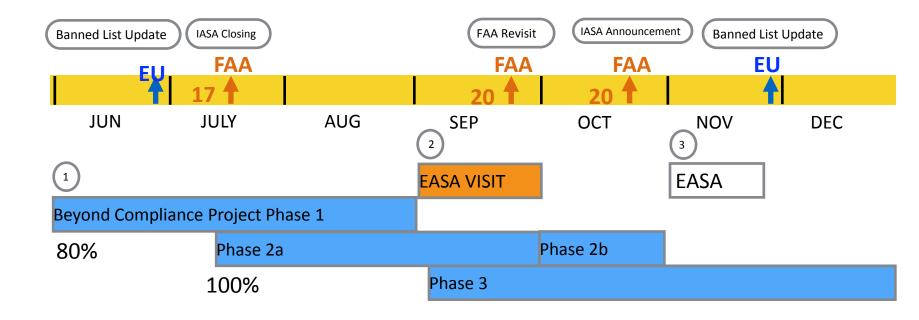


# ICAO update

# SSC - Impact

		860,000,000 000		
DCA	DCA-SSC Acknowledge	Ramp Inspection Prioritize	DCA - Clarification	Airline -Restriction
<b>Japan</b> JCAB	Formal Letter 25 MAR 15	25 MAR 15	27 MAR 15	MOU 3 APR - 2 JUN 15
Singapore CAAS	Formal Letter 28 MAR 15	1 APR 15		No Restriction
Hong Kong CAD	via KK 31 MAR 15	1 APR 15		No Restriction
Korea MOLIT	On Meeting 3 APR 15	1 APR 15	3 APR 15	New Operator Chartered Ban 3 APR 15
<b>China</b> CAAC	On Meeting 8 APR 15		8 APR 15	No Restriction
Australia CASA	via DO 8 APR 15	8 APR 15	12 JUN 15	To be reviewed when FAAOC renew 31 DEC 15
NZ CAA	Safety Audit 10 APR 15			No Restriction
U.S.A. FAA	via DCA 19 APR 15		IASA 16 JUL 15	IASA Announcement 20 OCT 15
U.A.E. GCAA	via Media 3 MAY 15	1 APR 15		No Restriction
<b>EU</b> EASA	via DCA 22 MAY 15	1 APR 15	DG MOVE 3 JUN 15	EC Air Safety Committee 28 NOV 15
Indonesia DGCA	via MFA 29 MAY 15	29 MAY 15		Base Visit 27 JUL 15

## **THAI Safety Beyond Compliance Plan**



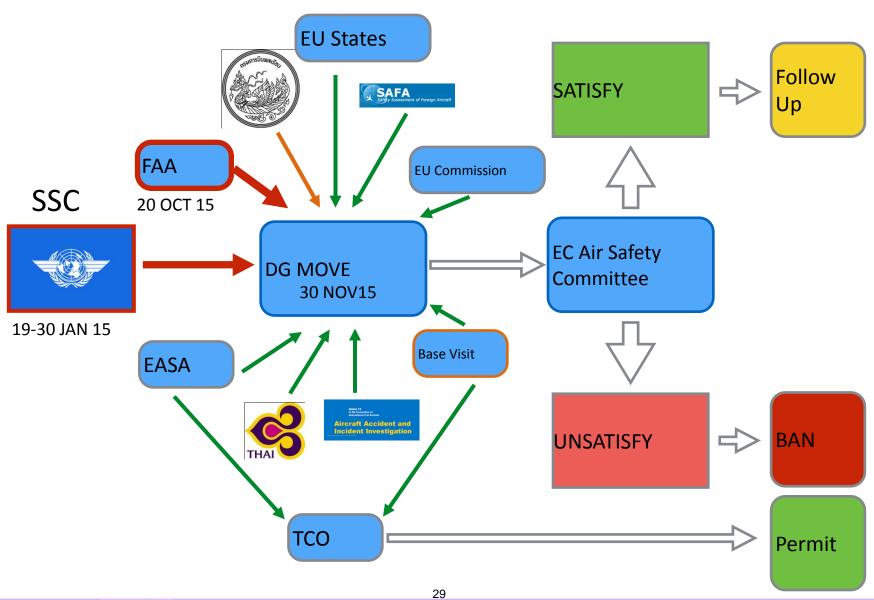
Phase 1: Organization + SMS + QMS Manual

Phase 2: Flight Ops Manual + Database

Phase 3: Ground and Maintenance Manual + Software



# **EC: Air Safety List Protocol**



• The International Aviation Safety Assessment (IASA) is a programme established by the FAA with the purpose to ensure that all aircraft operators registered outside United States that operate to or from the U.S. are properly licensed and are subject to safety oversight provided by a competent Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) in accordance with ICAO standards.

#### **FAA Rating**

The FAA has established two ratings for the status of countries at the time of the assessment: does comply with ICAO standards, and does not comply with ICAO standards.

#### They are defined as follows:

- Category 1, Does Comply with ICAO Standards: A country's civil aviation authority has been assessed by FAA inspectors and has been found to license and oversee air carriers in accordance with ICAO aviation safety standards.
- Category 2, Does Not Comply with ICAO Standards: The Federal Aviation Administration assessed this country's civil aviation authority (CAA) and determined that it does not provide safety oversight of its air carrier operators in accordance with the minimum safety oversight standards established by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)

#### **FAA Rating**

- As specified in Federal Register, Volume 60, No. 210, October 31, 1995, foreign air carriers from countries with an IASA Category have the following technical permissions regarding economic authority:
- Carriers from Category 1 countries are permitted to operate into the U.S. and/or codeshare with U.S. air carriers in accordance with Department of Transportation (DOT) authorizations.
- Carriers from Category 2 countries that operate into the U.S. and/or codeshare with U.S. air carriers have such services limited to levels that existed at the time of the assessment.
- Carriers from Category 2 countries that seek to initiate commercial service into the U.S. and/or seek to codeshare with any U.S. air carrier are prohibited from initiating such services.

#### **IASA - Deficiencies**

This rating is applied if one or more of the following deficiencies are identified:

- the country lacks laws or regulations necessary to support the certification and oversight of air carriers in accordance with minimum international standards;
- 2. the CAA lacks the technical expertise, resources, and organization to license or oversee air carrier operations;
- 3. the CAA does not have adequately trained and qualified technical personnel;
- 4. the CAA does not provide adequate inspector guidance to ensure enforcement of, and compliance with, minimum international standards;
- 5. the CAA has insufficient documentation and records of certification and inadequate continuing oversight and surveillance of air carrier operations.



# Q&A Thank you